Checkmk #11 Conference



Running Checkmk at scale



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Tales from the trenches



Preparing Checkmk

- Security made easy for you
- Security made easy for us



Building a SaaS platform

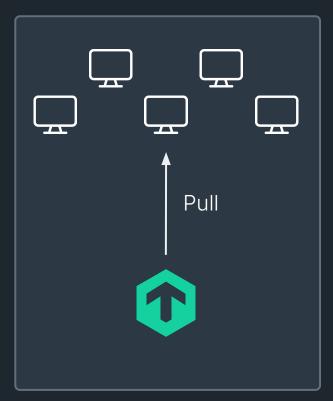
- Authentication
- Updating Checkmk





Security made easy for you





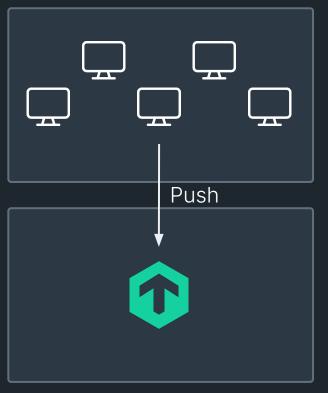
Secure by design

- default option is secure
- default is easy to use



Security made easy for you





Push agent available since 2.2

- Not the default choice in the CCE or CME
- Requires extra configuration

Push mode is the only and easy choice

- Pre-Configure push agent
- Two step onboarding guide to install agent
- Disable pull mode



Security made easy for us





Remote Code Execution as a Feature (for admins)

- Checkmk extension packages (MKP)
- "Individual program call instead of agent access"
 - Run arbitrary shell commands on your checkmk server

Prevention in SaaS

- Explicitly disable features in SaaS
- Explicitly allow rules in SaaS
 - Check at start with rules and features are enabled
 - Regularly update enabled rules



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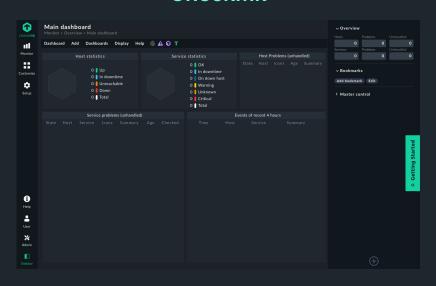




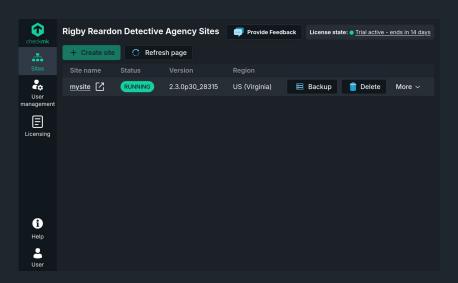
What is Checkmk Cloud?



Checkmk



Admin Panel



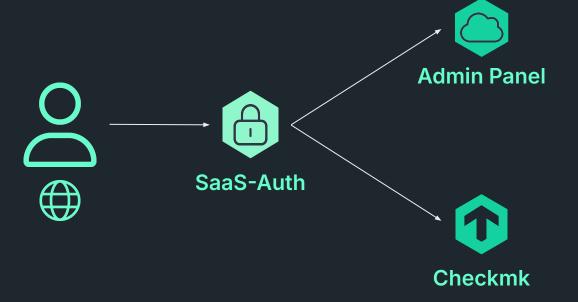


Solving Authentication



Desired features

- Seamless transition
- Self service
- Secure



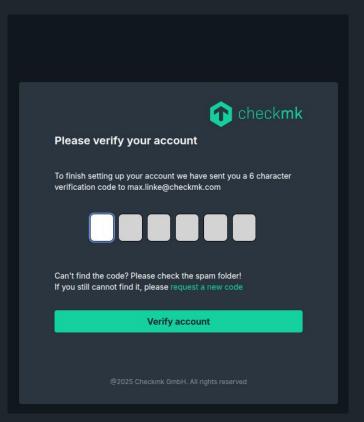






Good UX in Authentication is hard





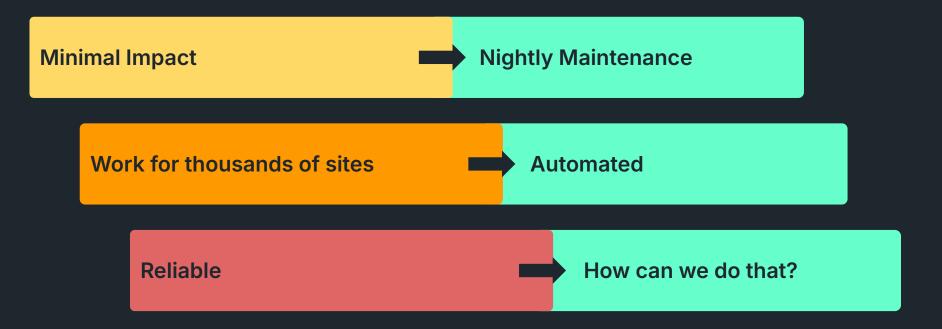
The next day

What should we do?



Updating Checkmk sites







What happens before the update?





Test 'omd update' extensively on all editions daily



Test the current development of checkmk in SaaS daily



Test backup and restore functionality in SaaS daily.





Updating a site

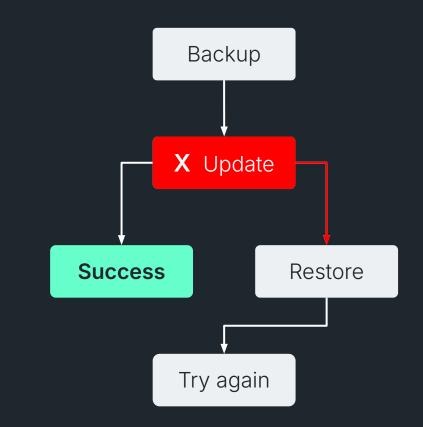


Handle errors in omd update

- Backup before the update
- Restore after failure

Handle errors with the update job

- Run update job as a kubernetes Job
- Handle restarts gracefully



How we built our SaaS platform









First things first



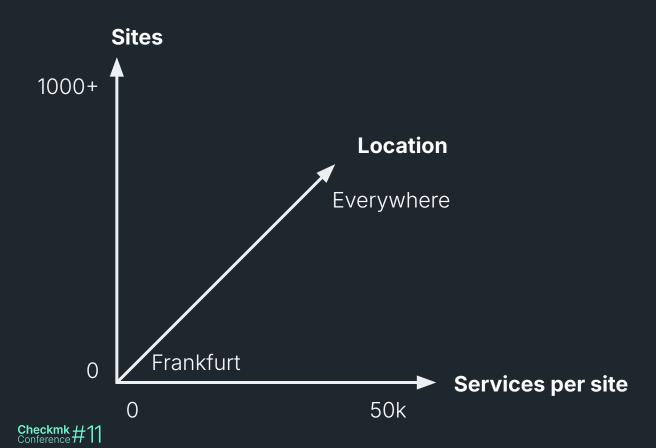






What does scalable mean?







Scaling challenge #1: A lot of short-lived sites!

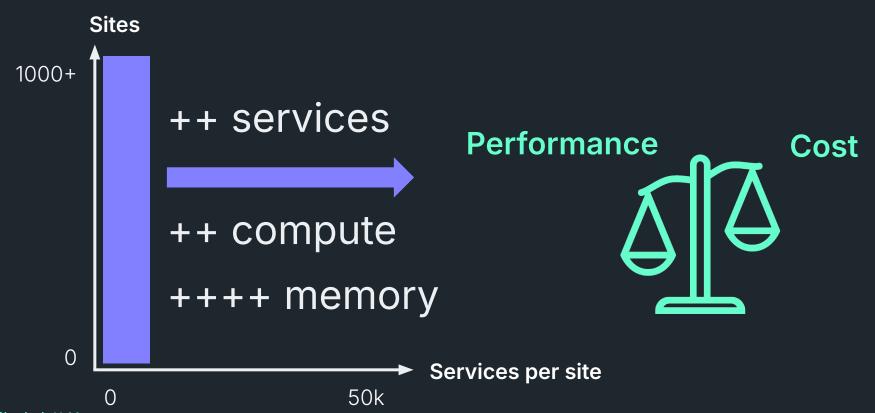






Scaling challenge #2: Unpredictable growing sites

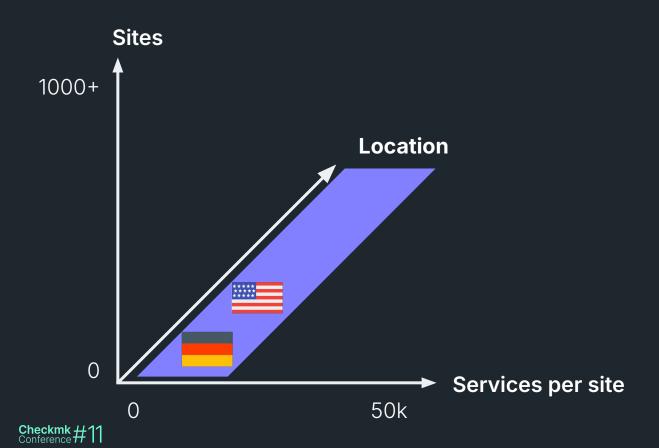






Scaling challenge #3: Across the world







How to tackle the scalability problem?



	No click-ops	→	Infrastructure-as-code
0000	On-demand resources	→	Auto-scaling infrastructure
Û	Resource pooling	→	Containers
Û	Orchestration	→	Kubernetes
Û	Globally replicable	→	Hyper-scaler



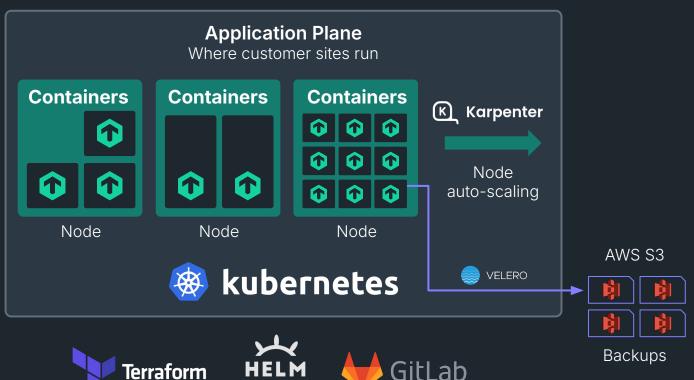


Our SaaS platform ... super simplified illustration!



Control Plane

Handles login, authentication, user management, etc.









How we built our SaaS platform









The Dual-Stack Challenge (in AWS)





IPv4 CIDR 172.16.0.0/16

OR

IPv6 CIDR 2001:ODB8::/64



AWS Documentation

https://docs.aws.amazon.com > eks > latest > best-practices



In an IPv6 EKS cluster, Pods and Services will receive IPv6 addresses while maintaining compatibility with legacy IPv4 Endpoints.





Who stirred the pot?





Martin Mar 22nd, 2024 at 2:58 PM

Ah, the IPv6 fallout. I should have said no to it and then we would all be in a happy world 😉



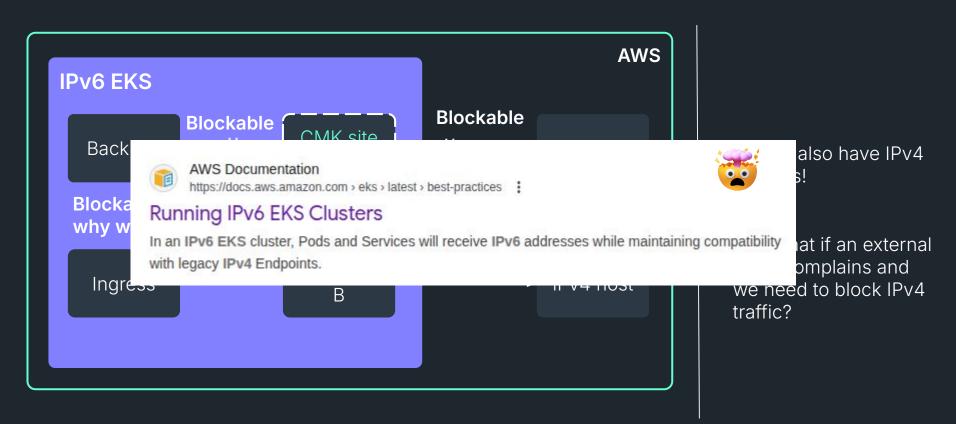
Cristian B. Mar 22nd, 2024 at 3:00 PM

:))) the IPv6 storm is here :) hey we fixed all our deployments in a day, I'm sure it'll be ez (last famous words)



Always test, never assume!







The Dual-Stack Challenge (in AWS)





Problem:

- In IPv6 only cluster, IPv4 support is implemented via a virtual interface
- Kubernetes Network Policies are applied only on PRIMARY interfaces
- A virtual interface is NOT a primary interface
- You cannot block IPv4 targets

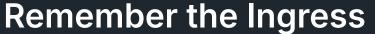


Solution:

- Understand how network policies work at the node level
- Implement your own filtering for IPv4 until enough people cry out so that AWS can support dual-stack configurations the correct way

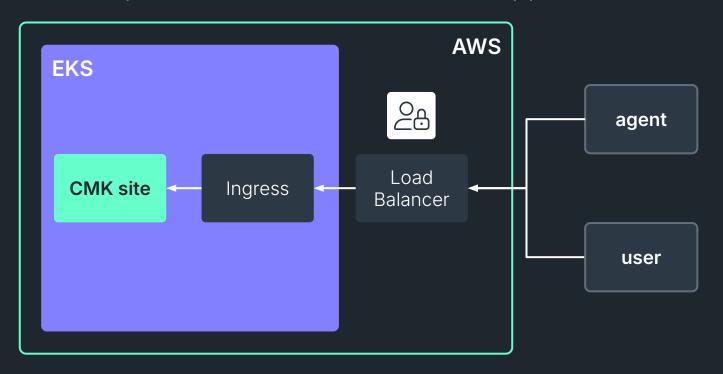








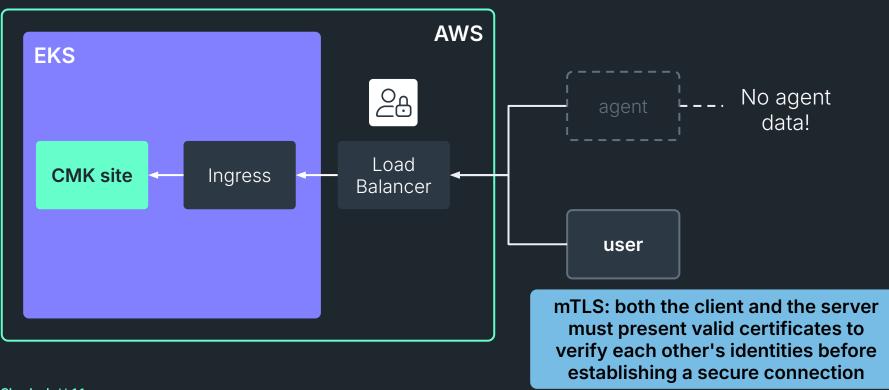
Generic pattern for traffic from user to application





1100

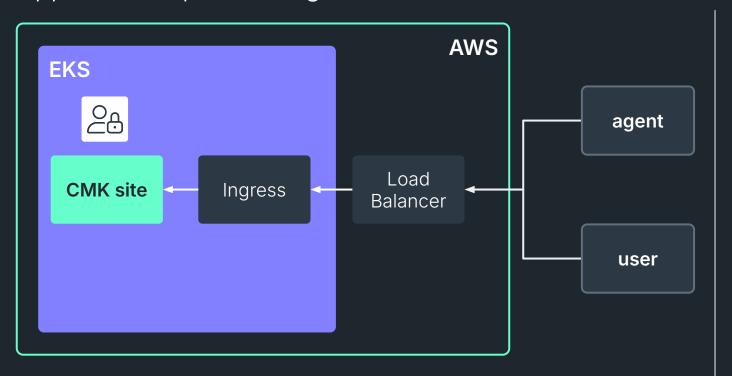
Where's the agent data?





1100

Approach 1 - passthrough all traffic



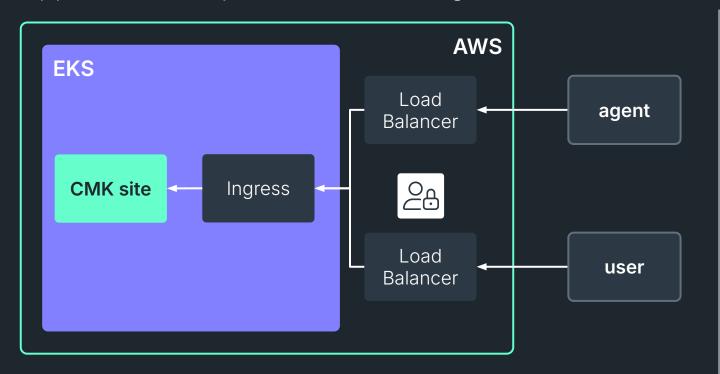
Nope!

- → Third party rate limiting when you request a new certificate
- → We do not want a wildcard certificate to be distributed in client sites





Approach 2 - separate LB for the agent



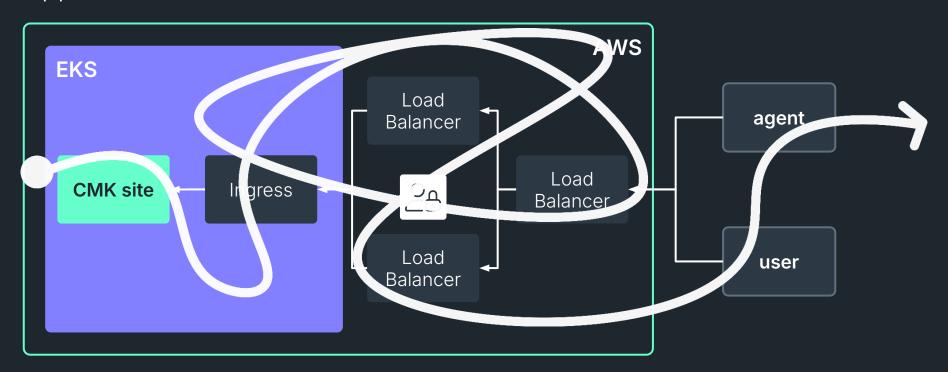
No go!

- → Trickier to bake agents
- → Users might get confused by the two different names if they want to bake their own agent





Approach 3 - an LB in front of the other two LBs

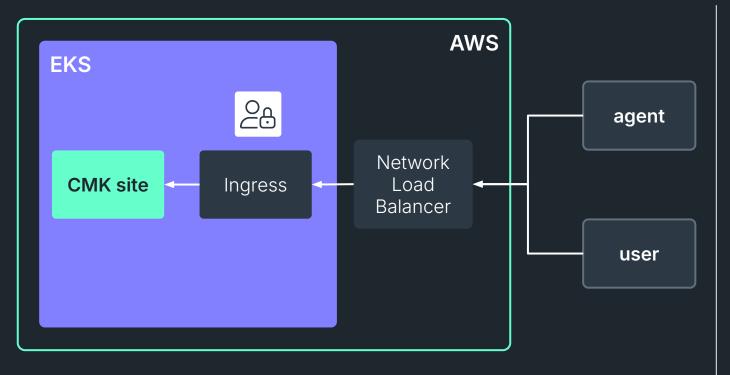




Agent communication solution

110

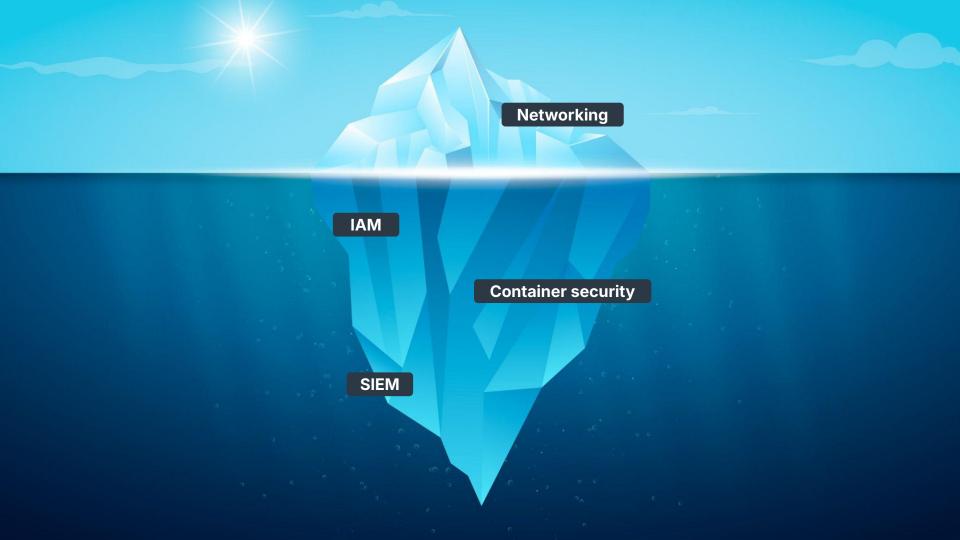
Simple, elegant, best of both worlds



Solution

Discriminate traffic at the **Ingress** level

- → Agent traffic destined for port 8000 is not touched
- → Everything else flows as before



How we built our SaaS platform

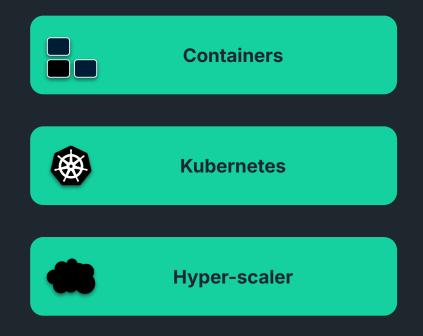






Easy if you have the right abstractions







Imagine if ...



... a Control Plane service fails



Redundancy.
Multiple copies of each service.

... an individual node fails



Kubernetes auto-recovery. ~5 min restore time.

... a data center (Availability Zone) fails



Automation. Global backups. ~20 min restore time.



Exciting stuff





